Adrok recently completed an ADR survey for Cornish Lithium in 2020Q1. The aim of the survey was to help detect water and sulfide bearing fractures beneath the surface in an area where drilling (GWDD-002) was carried out after the survey was complete.

Drill hole assay results reported by

(www.strongbowexploration.com)
07 April 2020

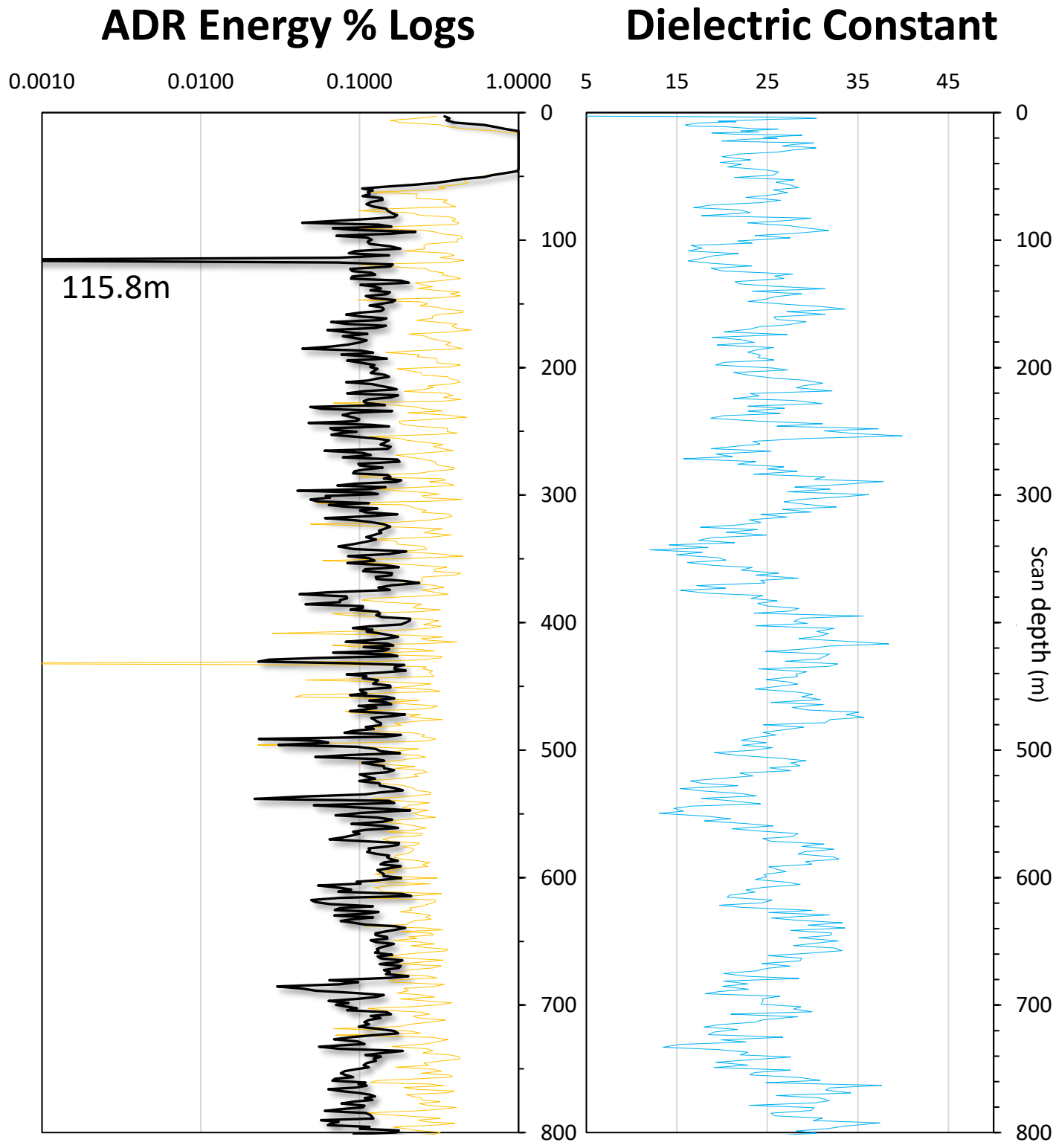
Diamond drill hole intercept depth:
90.6m-105.29m
Interval width: 14.69m
Cu: 7.46%
Sn: 1.19%

ADROK's ADR Energy results

(blind scan UD-ST03)

Energy response depth:
115.8m

ADR results: Maximum energy return from merged returned energy.
Scan angle: 85°→170 from vertical



The ADR survey results presented here are from blind ADR scan. Adrok had no information pertaining to the results from Strongbow Exploration Inc. until the public release of results from diamond drill hole GWDD-002 on April 7th 2020.

E% anomaly (<0.01) at 115.8m

A strong anomaly in the combined energy graph (black line) is indicative of a boundary between two layers with contrasting dielectric permittivity values (ε_r) such as meta-sediments and sulfides. Based on results from other studies of narrow vein gold + sulfide deposits (e.g. Charters Towers, Australia), these strong signals in the returned energy signal are likely to be sulfides. Adrok has previously shown that values less than 0.01 in the E%Log results are indicative of sulfides (the reader is directed to the case studies found at www.adrokgroup.com).
The anomaly found here corresponds well with the diamond drill results released by Strongbow Exploration Inc. in drill hole number GWDD-002. The results were released on 7 April 2020 whereas the results from the ADR scan, which was carried out at the same collar location, were finalised before the drilling had been completed and well before the results were simultaneously released to the public and to Adrok.

This represents another important result for Adrok.